



# Tailoring the selectivity of ultralow-power heterojunction gas sensors by noble metal nanoparticle functionalization

Oleg Lupan, Nicolai Ababii, David Santos-Carballal, Maik-Ivo Terasa, Nicolae Magariu, Dario Zappa, Elisabetta Comini, Thierry Pauporté, Leonard Siebert, Franz Faupel, Alexander Vahl, Sandra Hansen, Nora H. de Leeuw, Rainer Adelung

<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.nanoen.2021.106241>

## Abstract

Heterojunctions are used in solar cells and optoelectronics applications owing to their excellent electrical and structural properties. Recently, these energy-efficient systems have also been employed as sensors to distinguish between individual gases within mixtures. Through a simple and versatile functionalization approach using noble metal nanoparticles, the sensing properties of heterojunctions can be controlled at the nanoscopic scale. This work reports the nanoparticle surface functionalization of TiO<sub>2</sub>/CuO/Cu<sub>2</sub>O mixed oxide heterostructures, where the gas sensing selectivity of the material is tuned to achieve versatile sensors with ultra-low power consumption. Functionalization with Ag or AgPt-nanoclusters (5–15 nm diameter), changed the selectivity from ethanol to butanol vapour, whereas Pd-nanocluster functionalization shifts the selectivity from the alcohols to hydrogen. The fabricated sensors show excellent low power consumption below 1 nW. To gain insight into the selectivity mechanism, density functional theory (DFT) calculations have been carried out to simulate the adsorption of H<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>OH and n-C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>9</sub>OH at the noble metal nanoparticle decorated ternary heterostructure interface. These calculations also show a decrease in the work function by ~2.6 eV with respect to the pristine ternary heterojunctions. This work lays the foundation for the production of a highly versatile array of sensors of ultra-low power consumption with applications for the detection of individual gases in a mixture.